Emergency Plan
(Desk Reference Manual)

If you have any questions or comments regarding this document, please contact:

Facilities Services
Saint Paul University
223 Main Street
Ottawa ON K1S 1C4
Telephone: 613-236-1393, ext. 3016
Email: urgence-emergency@ustpaul.ca

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1-PRESENTATION

Developing and maintaining emergency management policies is a vital, continuous and dynamic process for the safety of Saint Paul University staff, students, clients and visitors. This document was prepared with the overall objective of preparation for the response of emergencies to mitigate and minimize the loss and risk by maintaining order, preserving the safety of occupants and minimizing property damage.

The objectives of the Emergency Plan are the following:

- To prepare occupants for emergency incidents through regular practice of the procedures, outlined in this document.
- To promote and raise awareness of the procedures that have been adopted to prepare for and respond to emergencies of any kind that may occur on or within the immediate vicinity of the Saint Paul University Campus – this includes but is not limited to shelter in place, lockdown and evacuation procedures.
- To describe the preparation and response responsibilities before, during and after an emergency incident.
- To take advantage of the resources, capacities and resiliencies of Saint Paul University and its community within this plan.
- To ensure the plan is dynamic - adjusting to the changing environment and lessons learned through regular assessments of the plan, exercises, debriefs and meetings.

To achieve the above directives, the participation and cooperation of all building occupants including the staff, student body, and community members are crucial.

This plan has been adopted to enable us to constantly improve our response to emergencies while reflecting Saint Paul University’s commitment to maintaining a safe and secure environment for all students, staff and occupants of its buildings.

I would like to thank other universities that shared information, with a special thanks to the University of Texas at Austin, a leader in this field.

Chantal Beauvais
Rector
Saint Paul University
2-EMERGENCY SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM

Certain incidents may require activation of the Emergency Senior Management Team.

Membership
- Rector (Chair)
- Vice-Rector, Academic and Research (Vice-Chair)
- Vice-Rector, Administration (Vice-Chair)
- Secretary General
- Associate Vice-Rector, Strategic Enrollment Management

Meeting Location
If accessible, convene in the Office of the Rector (meeting room – Guigues 1111). If not accessible convene in Computer Services Office.

If an alternative site is needed outside of the Saint Paul University campus, below are the following options:
- 7th floor board room, Saint Paul University residence
- A space provided by Immaculata High School:
  Natalie Plummer, VP
  Immaculata High School
  140 Main Street, Ottawa K1S 5P4
  Phone: 613-237-2001 / Fax: 613-563-8884
  Email: Natalie.Plummer@ocsb.ca
3-EMERGENCY PLAN

A-Activation
The Emergency Plan can be activated by the Rector, a Vice-Recto, the Secretary General or, if it is after hours, Protection Services.

When determining the level of response to an emergency, the following categories should be used to determine the scale and speed of the response:

1. Imminent Threat to Life: An emergency with the level of "imminent threat to life" is a scenario in which action must be taken immediately, in the best attempt to preserve life, and prevent casualty. Examples: fire and lockdown scenarios.
2. Potential Threat to Life: An emergency with the level of "potential threat to life" is a scenario in which there is a possibility or potential threat to life. In this case, action must be taken rapidly, to mitigate the threat or risk to life, or, if it is upgraded, to preserve life. Examples: secure schools, shelter in place and extreme weather.
3. No Threat to Life: An emergency with the level of "no threat to life" is a scenario in which there is no or very limited threat to life. In this case, an assessment must be made to what extent action must be taken to mitigate escalation and business interruption. Examples: loss of critical services, severe weather or low magnitude earthquake.

The scale of the emergency response will be based on the context and hazard impact, including the following guiding questions below:

1. What is the occupational health and safety risk?
2. What are the implications of the interruption on the daily business activities of the University faculties, schools, residence occupants and clients?
3. What is the expected length of the interruption?
4. What will the impact be on physical facilities?

As a general rule, the more informed the University Community is within an emergency situation, the better prepared the Community is to make responsible and safe decisions. Keeping this in mind, one must decide who should be informed of the situation, when the communication should be sent, what should be included and what types of communication methods should be used. Communication methods may include the Emergency Notification System, telephones, email, posters and so forth.

Once the building occupants are advised that the Emergency Plan has been activated, they must also be advised when the Emergency Plan is deactivated and the emergency is closed.

B-Deactivation
When the first responders have left the site, the facility has been secured and the University operations can resume, the Rector and a Vice-Recto in consultation with civil authorities may declare that the emergency is over and deactivate the Emergency Plan.

At this time, Saint Paul University staff returns to their normal duties and normal administrative processes resume.

C-Follow-up
If deemed necessary by civil authorities, an investigation may take place following an emergency. If Saint Paul University requests an investigation, this will be conducted by a qualified Saint Paul University staff
member or third party who will be employed to conduct the investigation depending on the emergency. The purpose of the investigation will be to determine the specific factors that contributed to the emergency. Care must be taken in the early stages of the response to acquire and preserve evidence required for the investigation. This may require an area to be restricted and repairs delayed until the investigation is completed.

Within 24-48 hours of the end of an emergency plan deactivation, a debrief meeting with all parties involved in the response and should be initiated. The debrief meeting should focus on the following:

1. Review of the emergency response.
2. Identify what went well in the response.
3. Identify what challenges were faced / what needs to be improved.
4. Review the impact on faculties and services.
5. Recommendations to mitigate reoccurrences of the emergency and impact on faculties and departments.
6. Review steps taken to resume normal daily activities.
7. Recommendations to improve the daily policies and procedures.
8. Submit the minutes from this debrief meeting to the Emergency Management Committee (see Appendix 5).
4-ALL-HAZARDS EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Building Occupants
1. Ensure your own safety first before assisting others around you.
2. If someone’s safety is at risk, call 911 and be prepared to give the following information:
   a. Specify the location.
   b. Describe the nature of the emergency.
   c. Indicate the services needed (fire/ambulance/police).
3. Call or ask someone else to call Protection Services and give the following information:
   a. Indicate whether you have called 911 and if first aid is needed.
   b. Specify the location.
   c. Describe the nature of the emergency.
4. Follow directions of Protection Services.

DO NOT:
- Speak to the media – direct any requests to Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).
- Take responsibility for the emergency on your own – there is a team for the response.
- Engage in gossip – confidential information should only be shared with civil authorities.
- Take photos or allow others to take photos of people in vulnerable situations.
- Call or disrupt the University emergency personnel with non-urgent / non-emergency issues. Be considerate of the focus needed, the level of stress and pressure responders may be under during an emergency.
- Use your cell phone unless you’re reporting an emergency or it’s absolutely necessary – using cell phones increases the demand on cellular network towers, and emergency responders and those in need of immediate assistance will be relying on those towers.

Protection Services
1. Ensure your safety and those immediately around you.
2. If you are called into an emergency or discover an emergency:
   a. Go or stay at the location of the emergency, only if it is safe to do so.
   b. Ask if 911 has been notified. If not call 911 or ask someone else to call if needed.
      i. Specify the location; ii. Describe the nature of the emergency; iii. Indicate the services are needed (fire/ambulance/police).
   c. Call the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2.
3. Perform first aid as needed and call on a member of the University First Aid Response Team if present (see Appendix 3).
4. Call for back-up from the security company to establish a perimeter / crowd control if needed.
5. Stay and wait for further instructions.
6. When in doubt, follow your post orders.

DO NOT:
- Speak to the media – direct to Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).
- Engage in gossip – confidential information should only be shared with civil authorities.
- Take photos or allow others to take photos.
- Take responsibility for the emergency on your own – there is a team for the response.
**Director of Facilities Services**

1. Ensure your safety and those immediately around you.
2. Ensure the following steps have been taken:
   a. 911 has been called.
   b. If there is imminent threat to safety, ensure the Emergency Notification System on-call operator has sent a notification (see Appendix 1).
   c. Security is present.
   d. First Aid Response Team has been called if needed (see Appendix 3). After business hours Protection Services will perform first aid.
3. Communicate with civil authorities (follow their instructions).
4. Call the Vice-Rector Administration (VRA):
   a. Describe the nature of the emergency.
   b. Discuss whether it is necessary to launch the Emergency Plan.
5. If the Emergency Plan is not launched, ensure the Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector and Directors of any other departments impacted are informed of the situation.
6. Remain on site and continue to coordinate with staff and civil authorities.
7. Update the VRA at a regular time, as requested by him and attend meetings as needed to ensure up-to-date information.
8. Ensure Conference Services has cancelled all external events, if needed, to reduce those on-site.
9. Close the emergency response in consultation with the VRA.

**DO NOT:**

- Speak to the media – direct to Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).
- Engage in gossip – confidential information should only be shared with civil authorities.
- Take photos or allow others to take photos.
- Take responsibility for the emergency on your own – there is a team for the response.

**Communication-Web-Marketing Sector**

1. Ensure your safety and then the safety of those immediately around you.
2. You will be contacted by the Director of Facilities Services.
3. Immediate external communication:
   If media are on-site or are expected:
   a. Formulate a preliminary statement to communicate to on-site media.
   b. Contact the Rector or a member of the University Executive to do the following:
      i. Launch the Communication Plan (see section 16).
      ii. Gather up-to-date facts, determine key messages using the Communication Plan and all instructions being sent to the University Community.
      iii. Designate a media spokesperson, if the Rector is unavailable.
   c. If media are on scene:
      i. Ensure the spokesperson is debriefed, as to the key messages and facts.
      ii. Go to the location of the emergency and report to the Director of Facilities Services.
      iii. Work with emergency personnel to create a media area away from the emergency.
      iv. Communicate preliminary statement to on-site media.
   d. Go to the Emergency Senior Management Team meeting, if it is launched.
4. Immediate internal communication:
   During an emergency, communicate an interim statement to the University Community of the immediate impact while considering the following:
   b. Important instructions to the University Community.
   c. Disrupted services.
   d. Restricted areas.
   e. Support services available i.e. counselling.
   f. Appropriate methods for delivering the communications (website, social media, press releases and so on).
   g. If an information line is being used, ensure it is updated regularly with accurate information focusing on important instructions for staff, students, clients and parents. Also include the cancelling of external events booked at the University.

5. Within 24 hours communicate a formal statement (developed with Emergency Senior Management Team) to media and the University Community while considering the following:
   a. Facts of the emergency e.g. location, impact, number of victims, area affected.
   b. Family notifications and privacy of those injured.
   c. The availability of an information line and media reception centers to deal with the influx of calls from concerned parents, staff, students, clients and the media.
   d. Available support for the University Community – media can help get this information out University Community.
   e. Community assistance that might be needed as required.

6. Ensure there is appropriate support for the receptionist and front line staff that may deal with an influx of calls. Debrief frontline staff to ensure everyone has the same key messages and are ready to handle the calls.

7. Update information with the media and University Community as often as possible. Ensure students and their parents have all of the information possible to make informed decisions.

8. Continue to get updates from Emergency Senior Management Team for the duration of the recovery period.

DO NOT:
- Communicate messages without discussion with Emergency Senior Management Team.
- Issue different messages to the media and the University Community.
- Forget to reassure the community of available supports and contact information.
- Leave people speculating or wondering.
- Speculate - answer only with verified details. It is okay within emergency communications to say we do not have that information at this time.
- Release details that help to identify a victim without permission from civil authorities, family or person injured.
5-BOMB THREAT / SUSPICIOUS OBJECTS

A-Bomb Threat

If you receive a bomb threat please follow these instructions:

1. **DO NOT** hang up.
2. Have a co-worker inform 911 and Protection Services or Facilities Services.
3. Write down all details provided by the person, including the exact wording of the threats, and ask some questions:
   a. When the bomb is going to explode?
   b. Where is it right now?
   c. What does it look like?
   d. What kind of bomb is it?
   e. What will cause the bomb to explode?
   f. Did you place the bomb? If no, who?
   g. What is your address?
   h. What is your name?
4. Description of the person who made the bomb threat:
   a. Male or female.
   b. Approximate age.
   c. Number from which call originated.
   d. Date and time.
   e. Caller’s voice: angry, excited, calm, disguised, familiar, slow, rapid, loud, normal, soft, distinct, accent, lisped, stutter, nasal, slurred, raspy, cracked, deep, breathing, laughter, crying, clearing throat, etc.
   f. Background sounds: street, other voices, static, noises, PA system, music, animal, factory, long distance, noises, machinery, house motor, etc.
5. Keep the bomb threat confidential and wait for instructions.
6. Be prepared to give further information as needed.

Protection Services

1. Write down all details provided.
2. Call 911 if it has not been done and the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2.
3. Follow the instructions of the Director of Facilities Services and assist with the evacuation of the University.
4. While evacuating, watch for and report any unattended or suspicious packages and report this to the Director of Facilities Services.
5. Assist with the evacuees at the assembly area (see section 14) and try to stop anyone from re-entering the building.
6. If evacuated to a secondary location, assist in this process.

Director of Facilities Services

1. Call 911 if it has not been done.
2. Ensure a bomb threat evacuation message is sent through the Emergency Notification System.
3. Inform the Building Chiefs and Wardens (see Appendix 4) to perform an evacuation.
4. Inform the Vice-Rector Administration of the situation and update her as new information becomes available.
5. Grab building plans if possible and evacuate to the front of the building to wait for civil authorities.
6. As civil authorities respond, follow their instructions.
7. Depending on the time frame, advise the Vice-Rector Academic and Research as to whether the University should be closed.
8. Depending on the weather and time frame (longer than 30 minutes outside), contact the backup evacuation location, Immaculata High School.
9. When the situation is resolved, send out an “End of Emergency” message with the Emergency Notification System to confirm the emergency closure.

Building Chiefs and Wardens (see Appendix 4)
1. **DO NOT** sound the fire alarm.
2. If in your area, get your evacuation equipment, lock your door and evacuate your designated area as quickly as possible, while taking note of the location of any suspicious or unattended packages.
3. Follow your group to the assembly area (see section 14).
4. Report to the Protection Services both the results of the evacuation and the location of any suspicious or unattended packages.
5. Return to your group and wait for further instructions.
6. Assist with communication and responding to the needs of evacuees.
7. If evacuated to the secondary evacuation area, assist in transporting your group to the area.
8. **DO NOT** re-enter the building unless an all-clear is called by the Director of Facilities Services or the civil authorities.

B-Suspicious objects

If you observe a suspicious object on campus, **DO NOT** handle the object.
1. Clear the area and immediately call Protection Service or Facilities Services.
2. **DO NOT** sound the fire alarm.
3. When told to leave by University authorities, walk quickly to the nearest marked exit and alert others to do the same.
4. Assist the disabled in exiting the building. Remember that elevators are reserved for disabled persons' use only.
5. Once outside, move to a clear area away from the affected building. Keep streets and walkways clear for emergency vehicles and personnel.
6. If requested, assist University authorities. **DO NOT** return to an evacuated building unless directed to do so by civil authorities.
**6-EARTHQUAKE**

An earthquake may cause items stored on shelves to fall (glass jars, books, equipment, etc.). It may also affect water, gas and steam lines, and this may produce a chain of catastrophic events. Remember: after an earthquake, civil authorities will be overwhelmed – call 911 for any life-threatening medical emergencies or fire.

**Building Occupants**

1. If you are indoors, stay there. Get under and hold onto a desk or table, or stand against an interior wall. Stay clear of exterior walls, windows, heavy furniture, and heavy equipment.
2. Call Protection Services for medical emergencies or 911 for any life-threatening medical emergencies or fire.
3. Avoid any areas with debris, such as glass, and dangerous spills.
4. Exit the building only after the shaking has stopped if you are asked for or if you feel unsafe.
5. If you are outside, get into the open. Stay clear of buildings, power lines or anything else that could fall on you. Always avoid power or utility lines as they may be energized.

**DO NOT:**

- Use the elevator.
- Attempt to move severely injured persons unless they are in immediate danger of further injury.
- Visit site to view damages.
- Enter severely damaged areas or structures.
- Touch broken appliances, power lines.
- Use matches, lighters, candles, electrical switches or appliances in case there is a gas leak.
- Return into the building unless directed to do so by University authorities.

**Protection Services**

1. Ensure your safety and those immediately around you and be prepared for after-shocks.
2. After the initial shock, evaluate the situation. Call 911 for any life-threatening medical emergencies or fire.
3. Perform first aid as needed and call on a member of the University First Aid Response Team if present (see Appendix 3).
4. Call the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2.
5. Stay and wait for further instructions.

**Director of Facilities Services**

1. Get your emergency kit and use your flashlight if the power is out.
2. If evacuation is necessary because of the amplitude of the earthquake, inform the Building Chiefs and Wardens (see Appendix 4) to perform an evacuation.
3. Check for injuries, and treat the injured with first aid. Use the telephone only to report severe emergencies. Call 911 for any life-threatening medical emergencies.
4. Avoid any areas with debris, such as glass, and dangerous spills.
5. When and where it is safe to do so, ask your staff to check for the following dangers:
   a. Gas, water, sewage, telephone and electrical lines / pipes.
   b. Appliances for damage.
   c. The building walls for damage and cracks.
   d. Debris or dangerous spills.
   e. Cabinets and closets – open carefully and beware of falling objects.
6. Inform occupants of any unsafe areas / restricted areas due to potential injuries.
7. Take note of the room number or area and report all issues to Protection Services when possible.
8. Be prepared for aftershocks and recheck your zone if they occur, as they can cause added damage.
9. Keep the Vice-RectorAdministration aware of the situation.

**DO NOT:**
- Attempt to move severely injured persons unless they are in immediate danger of further injury.
- Visit site to view damages.
- Enter severely damaged areas or structures.
- Touch broken appliances, power lines.
- Use matches, lighters, candles, electrical switches or appliances in case there is a gas leak.
7-FIRE EMERGENCIES

Building Occupants
1. If you discover fire on your floor:
   a. Manually activate the fire alarm system.
   b. If safe to do so, immediately exit the building, closing the doors behind you. **DO NOT** utilize elevators during the evacuation.
   c. Call Protection Services or 911 to provide all the information concerning the location of the fire.
2. Once fire alarm is activated:
   a. Check the door for heat to ensure it is safe to exit the room you are in.
   b. Walk to the nearest exit. **DO NOT** use elevator. You can check the evacuation map posted near the doorways and Elevator. Close all doors and windows possible without locking them. Travel in a group, and stay together using a safe route to the assembly area (see section 14) and keeping a safe distance from the building.
   c. Those that are unable to rapidly evacuate the building should move to a stairwell landing and wait for assistance from trained first responders. Inform first responders and Protection Services of persons who have not been evacuated.
   d. All personnel should meet at the assembly points located: on Main Street near the signs which display the address of the buildings; at the bus shelter on Hazel Street, near the Library; in the parking lot in front of the Residence (see section 14 for more details). Count and check to ensure everyone in your group is present. Report to a marked emergency personnel if anyone is missing.
3. If trapped in a room:
   a. Place a wet cloth material around or under the door to prevent smoke from entering the room.
   b. Close as many doors as possible between you and the fire.
   c. Be prepared to signal someone outside but **DO NOT** break glass unless absolutely necessary as outside smoke may be drawn into the room.
4. If caught in smoke:
   a. Drop to hands and knees and crawl to exit.
   b. Stay low to the floor, as smoke rises to the ceiling level.
   c. Hold your breath as much as possible
   d. Breathe shallow through your nose and use a filter such as a shirt or towel.
5. Use a fire extinguisher:
   a. When safe to do so, use the nearest appropriate extinguisher to fight small fires.
   b. Fire extinguisher instructions:
      • Pull safety pin from handle.
      • Aim at base of fire.
      • Squeeze the trigger handle.
      • Sweep from side to side at the base of the fire.

**Protection Services, Director of Facilities Services** and **Building Chiefs and Wardens**
Refer to the evacuation procedures, section 14.
8-EXTREME WEATHER

If the University Campus is closed due to severe weather, the buildings must be inspected to assess the risks and the damages caused by the severe weather. The occupants may not return to the premises before University authorities have given approval.

Flash Flooding:
The risk of flooding in this area is minimal, but it is still a risk. If severe flooding does occur, the Director of Facilities Services will contact the Vice-Rector Academic and Research to decide whether to close the campus based on the severity and expected interruption time (see section 15).

Lightning:
It is easy to remain safe during lightning episodes when thunderstorms are overhead or in the vicinity of the campus by simply staying or remaining inside of buildings or in your vehicle. When thunderstorms develop or move onto campus, you may wish to wait out the thunderstorm before moving between buildings.

Remember:
1. If you hear thunder, you are close enough to the thunderstorm to be struck by lightning. Go to safe shelter immediately.
2. Go to a sturdy building or to an automobile. **DO NOT** take shelter in small sheds, under isolated trees, or in convertible automobiles. Stay away from water.
3. If shelter is not available, find a low spot away from trees, fences, and poles. In wooded areas, take shelter under shorter trees.
4. If you feel your skin begin to tingle or your hair starts to stand on end, squat low to the ground on the balls of your feet. Place your hands on your knees with your head between your knees and hands.
5. Make yourself the smallest target possible and minimize your contact with the ground.
6. Avoid using the telephone or any electrical appliances. Use the telephone only in emergencies.
7. Avoid bathing, showering or being in contact or close to plumbing fixtures.

Lightning strikes may cause fires or electrical failures. Electrical failures may affect ventilation and other systems. In the case of an electrical failure, it will be decided whether to close the campus based on the expected electrical interruption time.

Snow and ice storms:
Severe snowstorms and ice storms may affect entries to and exits from the campus and the operation of certain services.

In these situations, the University will mainly depend on the civil authorities.

1. If civil authorities issue a directive to seek immediate shelter indoors following the announcement of an emergency condition, the Emergency Senior Management Team will keep the building occupants informed of the situation and do their best to respond to the occupants needs until it is lifted.
2. If a total evacuation is required and roads are unsafe, building occupants have to proceed to the Auditorium for further instruction.
**Tornadoes**
Tornado safety is based upon avoiding windblown debris when tornadoes are near. The common thread in safety rules is putting as many walls as you can between you and the tornado and always on the lowest floor of the building as you can safely get to before the tornado strikes. Always move to interior hallways on the lowest floor possible in all buildings.

Remember:
1. When tornadoes threaten, you should leave automobiles and portable structures for more substantial shelter.
2. In substantial shelter, you should put as many walls between you and the tornado as you can. This means that interior bathrooms, hallways, and closets on the lowest floor are the best place to be. If it is available, move to a belowground shelter, such as a basement.
3. Stay away from windows.
4. **DO NOT** try to outrun a tornado in your automobile.
5. If caught outside or in a vehicle with an approaching tornado, lie flat in a ditch or depression well away from any objects (including your vehicle) that could blow or roll over you causing injury or death.
9-MEDICAL EMERGENCIES / HAZARDOUS MATERIAL

A-Medical Emergencies

Building Occupants
1. Call 911 immediately – it is important to stay on the line until the dispatcher interviews the caller in a systematic way regarding the victim’s location, consciousness, breathing, and chief complaint to determine appropriate response.
2. Ask someone in your vicinity to call Protection Services or Facilities Services.
3. Those trained to perform CPR and first aid (see Appendix 3) can act within their expertise while those who are not trained should stay with the person.
4. Crowding is generally not helpful unless the presence of others is required.

Protection Services
1. Quickly go to the scene with first aid supplies (see Appendix 7) and perform immediate first aid.
2. When possible, call the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2.
3. Have someone stand outside the building to flag down first respondent (ambulance, police or fire department).
4. Fill out an incident report describing what occurred. This should be submitted to Facilities Services.

Director of Facilities Services
1. Inform the Vice-Rector Administration.
2. Inform the Director of Human Resources, who will contact the members of the occupational health and safety committee and the supervisor of the place where the accident occurred, and the Ministry of Labour, where applicable. Ontario’s Occupational Health and Safety Act sets out the circumstances in which a serious injury or death must be reported.
3. If deemed necessary and media coverage is a possibility, contact the Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).

B-Hazardous materials

Only trained and authorized personnel are permitted to respond to hazardous material incidents.

For a major hazardous spill or leak:
1. Immediately evacuate the area, closing the doors behind you.
2. Call Protection Services, Facilities Services or 911.
3. DO NOT attempt to clean up the spill yourself.

For a minor hazardous spill or leak:
1. Follow departmental safety protocol.
10-SEXUAL ASSAULT / RAPE ON CAMPUS

Building Occupant
1. If you are contacted by someone who is a victim of sexual assault, listen to the information you are given (remember that you are probably the first or only person to whom the assault victim has disclosed the information).
2. Reassure the person by listening attentively and encouraging them to contact the authorities and the appropriate assistance services.
3. Encourage the person to report the incident to the Protection Services and the police (613-230-6211), and to get medical assistance and counselling.
4. Respect the person’s right to choose if she/he declines to report the incident. Give her/him the list of resources below.
5. Always respect the person’s privacy and maintain confidentiality regarding the incident.

Protection Services
1. If a sexual assault is reported to you, listen to the information you are given.
2. Ask when and where the assault took place.
3. If it is recent, there may still be evidence of the crime on the scene. If that is the case, DO NOT try to intervene, in order to avoid contaminating the evidence.
4. Provide the individual with his/her options and ask what he/she would like to do of the following options:
   a. Report the incident to Facilities Services through an incident report, which will only be provided to the Director of Facilities Services.
   b. Report the incident to the police.
5. Provide options but do not push the individual into doing anything he/she does not want to do. Give her/him the list of resources below.

   Women Only Services:
   Ottawa Rape Crisis Centre
   Crisis Line: 613-562-2333
   www.orcc.net

   Women Only Services:
   Sexual Assault Support Centre (SASC)
   24-hour Support Line (613) 234-2266
   www.sascottawa.com

   Women Only Services (in French):
   Centre d’aide et de lutte contre les agressions à caractère sexuel (CALACS)
   Ligne d’appel : 613-789-8096
   www.calacs.ca

   University of Ottawa
   On campus and Off campus Emergency Services
   www.uottawa.ca/wellness/emergency-contacts

See also University regulation RHR-224 c – Prevention of Sexual Violence
11-SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF CRITICAL SERVICES

An interruption in a service or combination of services, such as electricity, water, gas, telephone, the computer system or even public transit, may cause an emergency situation at the University to some degree.

Building Occupants
1. Follow directions from the Protection Services.
2. If evacuation of a building is required, see evacuation procedures (section 14).
3. If you are trapped in an elevator, use the emergency phone button to call for help.

DO NOT:
- Light candles or other type of flame for light.
- Attempt to exit the elevator by yourself. You may be inconvenienced by the delay, but you are much safer in the cab as opposed to exposing yourself to the dangers of moving equipment in open hoist ways. An operator from the elevator company will assist you or the Fire Department will be dispatched as quickly as possible.

Director of Facilities Services
1. The first step in the process is to gather information so the situation can be assessed and the decision-making process initiated.
2. Debrief the Vice-Rector Administration.
3. In case of a power failure, evacuate the library.
4. Occupants must be kept informed in all cases, to avoid panic and anxiety.
5. In loss of service situations, there are questions that must be asked, including the following:
   a. Is the University Campus partially or 100% occupied?
   b. What is the occupational health and safety risk?
   c. What are the implications of the interruption on the daily business activities of the University faculties, departments, residence occupants and clients?
   d. What is the expected length of the interruption?
   e. What will the impact be on physical facilities?
6. Depending on the service lost and timeframe campus closure should be considered. Please refer to the campus closure plan (section 15).
7. If University campus is not being closed, develop a communications plan with Communication-Web-Marketing Sector and the applicable department services impacted.
8. Once services are restored, ensure all messaging and communications are updated.
12-SUICIDE

A-On Campus

Building Occupants
1. If a suicide has occurred on the University campus, call 911 immediately and then call Protection Services.

Protection Services
1. Contact the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2.
2. Secure the area.

Director of Facilities Services
1. The area should be fully secured by locking doors and, as much as possible, windows should be covered to impede passers-by from seeing anything.
2. Debrief the Vice-Rector Administration.
3. Wait for civil authorities.
4. Inform Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338) and Conference Services that there is a situation which has rendered an area unavailable, restrict access to the area and move / cancel any events scheduled until it is returned to working order and the restriction is lifted by civil authorities.

Vice-Rector Administration
1. Debrief the Rector.
2. Call the Director of Human Resources, who will contact the members of the Occupational Health and Safety Committee, and the Ministry of Labour, where applicable.
3. Any communications sent out to the University regarding the details must be authorized by the next of kin. This includes the name of the victim and details surrounding his/her death.
4. If media becomes aware of the situation, all media inquiries will be directed to Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).

B-Off Campus

If the University becomes aware of a suicide of a Saint Paul University Community member, this information should be kept confidential and be transmitted only to the Rector.

Rector
1. The Director of Human Resources will contact the Director / Dean of the impacted, only relaying the information authorized.
2. The next of kin must authorize any communications sent out to the University regarding the details. This includes the name of victim and details surrounding his/her death.
3. If media becomes aware of the situation, all media inquiries will be directed to Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ottawa Distress Centre (service in English only -24/7)</th>
<th>Centre d'Aide 24/7 (service in French only)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distress: 613-238-3311</td>
<td>1-866-APPELLE (277-3553)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crisis: 613-722-6914 or 1-866-996-0991</td>
<td><a href="http://centredaide247.com">http://centredaide247.com</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><a href="http://www.dcottawa.on.ca">www.dcottawa.on.ca</a></td>
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</table>

Protection Services (613-236-9000 or ext. 5555) // Facilities Services (ext. 3016)
13-THREAT OF VIOLENCE

A-Secure Schools
Secure Schools is implemented when there is an ongoing, potentially dangerous situation outside of the University building (e.g. robbery near the University). While it may not be related to the University, due to the risk to the building occupants, the policy requires all persons to remain in the building. It is different from a lockdown in that the school continues to function normally. Access in and out of the University is controlled and monitored by Protection Services.

Building Occupants
1. Move into or remain in a secure area and inform others as long as it is safe to do so.
2. Close and lock the doors.
3. If the lights in the room can be turned off, turn them off.
4. Close any blinds or curtains on windows.
5. Try to keep out of the line of sight of windows.
6. Resume activities as normal.

DO NOT:
- React to alarms, such as fire alarms, unless fire is evident.
- Use your cell phone unless you’re reporting an emergency or it’s absolutely necessary – using cell phones increases the demand on cellular network towers, and emergency responders and those in need of immediate assistance will be relying on those towers.

Protection Services
1. If you or someone reports to you that they are witnessing criminal activity outside of the University, call 911 and give the authorities the location and as full a description as possible of the suspect (clothing, height, weight, sex and any other characteristic that may help locate the person). Alternatively, you may be informed of a developing, unsafe, situation outside of or in the vicinity of the University either through the media or through civil authorities, which warrants the activation of the secure schools protocol.
2. Contact the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2 and/or the security company Field Supervisor.
3. If it is safe to do so, proceed to lock exterior doors. Ask for assistance from staff on site, if needed.
4. In communication with the Director of Facilities Services, determine which exit will be a controlled entry and exit.
5. Advise building occupants as to the risk of leaving and the areas outside that are deemed unsafe by civil authorities.
6. If it is after business hours, work with any staff on site to ensure bilingual signage is posted at entry points and contact Conference Services to discuss how to proceed with an external events taking place on the University campus.
7. Direct all media enquiries to Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).

Director of Facilities Services
1. Debrief the Vice-Rector Administration.
2. Ensure the following is completed as long as it is safe to do so:
   a. The secure schools message is sent through the Emergency Notification System.
   b. Contact the residence staff to ensure they implement the secure schools protocol.
c. Ensure signage is up at all locked entries and exits.
d. Determine with Protection Services, where there will be a controlled entry or exit, if any.
e. Determine whether extra support from the security company is needed for University Campus, including the residence.
f. Remain up-to-date with situation through the media or civil authorities, to obtain the most up-to-date and accurate information as quickly as possible.

3. When the situation is resolved ensure the end of emergency message is sent out.
4. Inform the Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338) to ensure emergency messaging is updated.
5. Ensure doors are unlocked and signage is removed.
6. If applicable, evaluate the building exterior to determine if there is any damage or repairs.

B-Lockdown
If there is a violent aggressor in the building or local area, a lockdown is activated to minimize risk to students and staff until civil authorities are able to take control of the situation. The directive lockdown is used to stop access and/or egress as appropriate, to all or a portion of the buildings on campus.

Building Occupants
If you are inside the building
1. Seek cover in a closed room and hide as described below. Otherwise, get behind a solid structure that can’t be penetrated by weapons.
2. Secure the area by locking and barricading the doors. If you can’t lock or barricade the doors, make sure they are properly closed. Remember, the lock might be on the side of the door.
3. Turn off the lights and close the blinds – try to make the room appear unoccupied.
4. Keep away from doors and windows.
5. Hide behind furniture if you can, otherwise stay low to the ground and out of sight.
6. If you have information to share, call 911.
7. Turn off your cell phone and avoid using it unless you’re reporting an emergency or it’s absolutely necessary. Turn off all electronic devices that can make noise, for example pagers, computers, projectors and televisions. Remain quiet, and help others do the same.
8. If you are directed to leave your secured area by police, do so as quickly and quietly as possible and follow their specific directions. Assist those who may require help moving.

**DO NOT:**
- Open the door under any circumstances. When the situation has been cleared, a member of the University administration with keys along with a police officer will open doors to classrooms and offices to inform you of the all clear.
- React to alarms, such as fire alarms, unless fire is evident.

If you are outside the building
1. Move as far away as possible from the building under lockdown.
2. Check the University’s website and University social media sites for updates and further information as it becomes available.

**DO NOT:**
- Enter the building.
- Call anyone inside the building that is in lockdown as it may endanger them.
Protection Services
1. Follow the first three steps for “Building Occupant”.
2. If it is safe to do so:
   a. Contact the Emergency Notification System operator (see Appendix 1) or the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2 – send a text message with the words LOCKDOWN - (Emergency Notification System on call operator will inform the Director of Facilities Services).
   b. Call 911 and give the location and a full description of the suspect (clothing, height, weight, sex and any other characteristic that may help locate the person).
   c. Contact the security company Field Supervisor.
3. Follow steps 5 to 8 for “Building Occupant”.

Director of Facilities Services
1. Follow the first three steps for “Building Occupant”.
2. If it is safe to do so:
   a. Ensure the lockdown message on the Emergency Notification System is sent out.
   b. Call 911 and give the location and a full description of the suspect (clothing, height, weight, sex and any other characteristic that may help locate the person).
   c. Debrief the Vice-Rector Administration.
3. If possible, meet with civil authorities to provide assistance and any information they may require. Otherwise, follow steps 5 to 8 for “Building Occupant”.

Emergency Senior Management Team
At the end of the incident, hold a meeting to ensure the following is completed:
1. Discuss with the police when to resume daily operations including classes and services.
2. Information regarding the resumption of daily operations is sent out.
3. A public inquiry phone line with a bilingual recording of basic information for clients, building occupants, parents and community members to call. This number should be communicated through the media.
4. Ensure the public inquiry recording is updated as often as possible with new important information.
5. Ensure all external events booked are cancelled if necessary.
6. Ensure all media enquiries are directed to Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).
7. Activate the support services plan (see section 17) of the incident to initiate the support services including group healing workshops, individual counselling and a crisis support line.
8. Assess the building status and what needs to be done logistically to resume daily operations.
9. Work with outside contractors and the maintenance team to repair the building in time for the planned resumption of daily operations.
10. If the building is closed, temporarily increase Protection Services to mitigate break-ins.
11. Set-up regular communications with the members of the Board of Governors, University of Ottawa, and any other important partners of the University.
12. One person is designated to record all actions taken and gather information on what occurred.

C-Civil Disorder
Civil disorder generally occurs when a group of individuals choose not to obey laws and regulations. The disorder may take the form of a group of people blocking or impeding access to property, buildings or part of the campus and thus causing an interruption in normal activities. This kind of disorder also
involves an unusual level of noise and intimidation that may affect occupants (riots and demonstrations).

Building Occupants
1. Call Protection Services
2. Avoid disturbance.
3. Avoid provoking or obstructing demonstrators.
4. Secure your area (lock doors, files, vital records and expensive equipment).
5. Continue with normal routine as much as possible.
7. Prepare for evacuation or relocation.

Protection Services
1. Go to the location, assess the situation and identify leaders if possible.
2. Call the Director of Facilities Services or back-up listed in Appendix 2.
3. Avoid disturbance.
4. Avoid provoking or obstructing demonstrators.
5. Wait for instructions.

Director of Facilities Services
1. Debrief the Vice-Rector Administration.
2. Depending on the severity of the situation, take any of the following actions:
   a. Designate a staff member to attempt to approach the person / group to attempt discussions around their demands.
   b. Contact civil authorities and / or the security company for additional support.
3. Meet with the Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector to prepare a communications plan and messaging.

D-Hostage incident
If you witness an hostage incident
In the event that a hostile action against another person results in a hostage situation, the Police should be notified immediately by calling 911 then call Protection Services and supply them with the following information:
- Nature of the incident.
- Location of the incident.
- Description of person involved.

If you are involved in an hostage incident
1. Remember that the primary objective of your family and law enforcement officials will be to secure your safe return as quickly as possible.
2. **DO NOT** attempt to fight back or to struggle physically. No matter how "reasonable" your captors may appear on the surface, they cannot be trusted to behave normally and their actions may be unpredictable.
3. Comply with the instructions of your abductors as well as you can. Avoid making provocative remarks to your abductors. Try to establish some kind of rapport with your captors.
4. Take note of the characteristics of your abductors, their habits, surroundings, speech mannerisms, and what contacts they make.
5. Generally, you cannot expect to have a good opportunity to escape – any attempt to escape,
however, should not be made unless it is indicated that your life is in imminent danger. Carefully calculate the best possible odds for success.
6. When police arrive on scene they will assume command of the situation and will direct all actions to counter the threat.

**E- Armed Subjects**

If an armed or threatening intruder comes on to the University property it is very important that faculty, staff and or students report it immediately and take protective actions.

**Armed subject outside the building**

1. Turn off all the lights and lock windows and doors.
2. Get all students on the floor and out of the line of fire.
3. Call 911 or Protection Services
4. Try to give an accurate description of the person. Note type of dress, height, weight, sex, and any other characteristics/physical items that are particular to the individual. Do not assume someone else has already called.
5. Wait until an “all clear” instruction is given by a known voice (unknown or unfamiliar voices may be misleading and designed to give false assurances).

**Armed subject inside the building**

1. Get out of the immediate area and to a place of safety. Put as much distance as you can between yourself and the armed subject.
2. Run, hide, barricade first and once you are safe, call 911 or Protection Services.
3. Try to give an accurate description of the person. Note type of dress, height, weight, sex, and any other characteristics/physical items that are particular to the individual. Do not assume someone else has already called.

If you can’t get out and if at all possible:
1. Lock and barricade the door keeping the armed subject out.
2. Turn off all the lights and lock windows and doors.
3. Crawl under a desk, duck into a closet, hide behind a door, and get everybody out of the line of fire.
4. If you are still hiding when the police arrive, identify yourself and follow the instructions given by police.

If none of the above options are available, you need to be prepared to put up a fight as a last resort that should only be initiated in the most extreme circumstances.

If you are caught in an open or exposed area and you cannot get into a classroom or office you must decide upon a course of action:
1. Look for a safe and secure hiding area.
2. Stay hidden until you can make contact with emergency personnel.
3. If you think you can safely make it out of the area, then do so.

**Armed subject into your class or office**

There is no one procedure the authorities can recommend in this situation.

1. Attempt to get the word out to other staff if possible, and call 911 or Protection Services if that seems practical.
2. Use common sense. If hiding or fleeing is impossible, attempt to negotiate with the individual.
3. Attempting to overcome the armed subject with force is a last resort that should only be initiated in the most extreme circumstance.
4. Remember, there may be more than one active armed subject.
5. Wait for the police. They will assume command.
6. After the incident, be careful not to make any changes to the scene since law enforcement authorities will investigate the area later.
14-EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Assembly Area for Evacuations
If there is an evacuation, the assembly points are located:
- on Main Street near the signs which display the address of the buildings;
- at the bus shelter on Hazel Street, near the Library;
- in the parking lot in front of the Residence.

In extreme weather, evacuees may be directed to the back-up evacuation assembly area / reception area: Immaculata High School, 140 Main Street. Tel.: (613) 237-2001 or after business hours: 613-818-8376.

Building Occupants
1. Begin evacuation immediately upon hearing the announcement (many forms of communication are used for official announcements).
2. Close office doors and turn off lights and computers.
3. Use designated corridors and fire exit stairs that lead to ground level. Leave the building in an orderly manner.
4. Follow the path direction of the building chiefs and wardens (see Appendix 4).
5. Evacuate the building to the assembly area.
6. If evacuation is not possible, secure yourself in a room with the doors and windows secured, notify Protection Services or by calling 911.
7. Wait for further instructions.

DO NOT:
- Sound the fire alarm unless there is a fire.
- Use elevators.
- Cut through buildings to get to the assembly area.
- Call 911 during a drill.
- Re-enter the building unless instructed to do so by civil authorities or University authorities.
Evacuation Wardens (see Appendix 4)
   1. **DO NOT** sound the fire alarm unless there is a fire.
   2. Upon receiving an evacuation notification, the Wardens shall undertake the following in their assigned area:
      a. Take your equipment (vest, flashlight, clipboard, cell phone).
      b. Check routes and exits of assigned zone.
      c. Direct people to the safest and fastest exit for evacuation.
      d. If safe, check all areas of assigned zone and direct people to the assembly area.
      e. Mobility-impaired persons should not be carried down any stairs. Ensure they have been moved to an area of refuge or another safe area to be evacuated by civil authorities. If possible and there is no immediate danger in the area, ask someone to stay with them. Inform the building chief (see Appendix 4) of the name and location of the person as soon as you arrive at the assembly area.
      f. Report to building chief to confirm zone evacuation and provide the relevant information:
         i. Any non-checked areas.
         ii. Injuries, victims, missing individuals.
         iii. Persons refusing to cooperate and location.
         iv. Mobility-impaired persons in safe areas.
         v. What went well and what needs to be improved.
      g. Remain available for additional tasking.
      h. Direct any information requests to the Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).

Evacuation Building Chiefs (see Appendix 4)
   1. **DO NOT** sound the fire alarm unless there is a fire.
   2. Coordinate the evacuation of assigned building.
   3. Coordinate the evacuation wardens and direct the evacuation activities of the assigned building.
   4. Go to designated areas and meet with other evacuation wardens for their reports.
   5. Immediate issues, such as areas not cleared or people with accessibility issues, should be reported to the Director of Facilities Services.
   6. Collect and compile information from wardens and transmit to Director of Facilities Services - key information must be written.
   7. Coordinate and assign tasks if needed to evacuation warden.
   Note: The metal cabinets at the ground-floor entrances of each of the buildings on Main Street contain a checklist on the procedure to follow in the event of an evacuation. Please refer to it.

First Aid Response Team (see Appendix 3)
If safe, evacuate with the “Primary” first aid kit any other first aid kit that you can quickly access and the defibrillator (see Appendix 7).
   1. Evacuate through the nearest exit.
   2. Establish first aid point at the assembly area and a register of injuries in accordance with health and safety standards.
   3. Treat any first aid emergencies and coordinate with/when paramedic’s arrive. Debrief and assist the paramedics as needed.
Protection Services

1. **DO NOT** sound the fire alarm unless there is a fire.
2. If the Director of Facilities Services is not on site, ensure you notify him, and then act as the Director of Facilities Services until his arrival.
3. Upon receiving an evacuation notification, proceed to the assembly area and direct others around you to proceed to the assembly area as well.
4. Ensure that the campus evacuation and access routes are accessible and managed.
5. Secure the assembly area. Assist to keep everyone quiet and ensure no one leaves the assembly area unless there is a medical emergency or it is approved by civil or University authorities.
6. Speak to Director of Facilities Services to determine whether additional personnel from the security company are required.
7. Ensure orderly conduct by occupants.
8. Secure the outer perimeter of the incident site.
9. Administer first aid if required.
10. Assist the Director of Facilities Services as requested.
11. Assist in relaying information and messages to the building occupants.
12. Direct any media inquiries to the Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).

Director of Facilities Services

1. If deemed necessary, ensure the Emergency Notification message is sent out.
2. Proceed to the main entrance to meet with civil authorities (police, fire department, ambulance).
3. Assist and follow the instructions of the civil authorities.
4. Meet with building chiefs to get the status on the buildings evacuated and relay this information to the civil authorities.
5. Relay any important messages for building occupants to an Emergency Senior Management Team member to disseminate.
6. Keep the Vice-Rector Administration aware of the situation.
7. Direct any media inquiries to the Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector (ext. 2338).
8. If the all clear is given, ensure the information is transmitted through the most appropriate method (Emergency Notification System message, word of mouth and so on).
9. If the evacuation will remain in place for an extended period of time:
   a. Decide whether to move the building occupants to the secondary evacuation location or consult with civil authorities to determine if it is safe for the occupants to proceed home.
   b. Meet with the Vice-Rector Academic and Research to decide whether it is necessary to activate the campus closure plan (see next section).

Note: The metal cabinets at the ground-floor entrances of each of the buildings on Main Street contain a checklist on the procedure to follow in the event of an evacuation. Please refer to it.
15-CAMPUS CLOSURE

If possible, some essential services may be maintained on and off campus, including:
1. Protection Services.
2. Telephone switchboard.
3. Mechanical and electrical maintenance service.
4. Snow removal and salt and sand spreading.
5. Other services deemed necessary by the Director of Facilities Services, in consultation with Emergency Senior Management Team (see section 2).

Possible Reasons for University Emergency Closure
1. External threats: severe weather, flooding, dangerous spill, evacuation as per the civil authorities.
2. Internal threats: Damage to the building, loss of critical services, such as heating, power and water, lockdown situation.

Risk Assessment Tool: Situational Scorecard
Rank the following risks on a scale of one to five, one being low risk and five being very high risk:
1. What is the risk of injury / health to staff and / students on the University campus?
2. What is the overall occupational health and safety risk of staying open?
3. What is the risk of injury / health risks to staff and / students on their commute to or from the University campus?
4. What is the risk of not being able to provide basic critical services (heating, water, power)?
5. The ability to sustain the temperature / humidity ranges for comfort within the University?

Campus Closure Procedure
The decision to close the University is the responsibility of the Vice-Rector Academic and Research, in consultation with the Rector and the Director of Facilities Services.
1. The Vice-Rector Academic and Research will inform the Emergency Senior Management Team, who will in turn inform their respective services and faculties. Information might be sent through the Emergency Notification System and public service announcements might also be sent to radio stations to inform the general public.
2. The Vice-Rector Academic and Research will discuss the possible mitigation / emergency response to reduce the following impacts in the event of a campus closure:
   a. What are the impacts and implications of the interruption on the daily business activities of the University faculties, services, residence occupants and clients?
   b. What is the expected length of the interruption?
   c. What will the impact be on physical facilities?
   d. What plans are in place for students / guests in the residence?
   e. Does the residence staff have the capacity to identify especially those most impacted and vulnerable in the event of the closure (international students / clients, those without personal support networks, special needs)?
   f. What partners, alumni, donors and board members can be called upon to assist with the closure (Red Cross, City of Ottawa, local universities, hotels and other businesses)? For example, can staff assist by housing an international student or guest in their home for the duration of the closure?
   g. What will be the impact on the financial situation of the University?
   h. What will be the impact on the public perception of the University?
i. What will be the impact on human resources and staff moral?
j. Are there any other impacts?

3. The Director of Facilities Services will coordinate the logistics of the University closure and ensure ongoing security during the closure. Facilities Services will work with and include other services as needed.

4. Communication-Web-Marketing Sector will update all external and internal messaging and post signage.

5. The residence staff will be responsible to inform guests and students and identifying vulnerable individuals who may need more assistance. Members of the Emergency Priority Calling List (see Appendix 2) may be used to assist with this process.

6. Protection Services and members of the Emergency Priority Calling List (see Appendix 2) will be responsible for evacuating and locking down the university.

Campus Reopening
The decision to re-open the University is the responsibility of the Vice-Rector Academic and Research, in consultation with the Rector and the Director of Facilities Services after all impacted buildings have been inspected for safety.

1. Communication-Web-Marketing Sector will work with the Emergency Senior Management Team to ensure the public along with the University Community are advised of the reopening of the Campus. Information might be sent through the Emergency Notification System. Public service announcements might also be sent to radio stations to inform the general public.

2. The Director of Facilities Services will coordinate the logistics of the University reopening in coordination with the Emergency Senior Management Team.

3. Communication-Web-Marketing Sector will be responsible to update the website, create and post signage.
16-COMMUNICATIONS PLAN

The Communication Plan includes all communications and information distributed both internally and externally to the media regarding the mitigation, preparation, response to and recovery from an emergency.

A-Drafting of messages

Prior to an emergency
Bilingual information will be provided and distributed regarding training exercises, preparation and participation opportunities through email, events, training sessions, exercises, signage, information tables / booths, registration kits, residence kits, the University website and the Emergency Notification System.

The Emergency Management Committee (see Appendix 5) is responsible to work with Communication-Web-Marketing Sector to draft the text content and design of emergency mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery promotional material. Communication-Web-Marketing Sector will assist with the drafting, editing and translation of the text along with the design of the materials. The design must comply with the standards set out by Communication-Web-Marketing Sector.

The Vice-Rector Academic and Research must approve the pre-scripted bilingual messages prior to their use in that order.

During an emergency
The Emergency Senior Management Team must approve the timing, content and action of sending a message through the Emergency Notification System. However, some emergencies will automatically call for Emergency Notification System messages to be sent and these plans should be respected when possible.

Following an emergency
After an emergency situation, bilingual information will be drafted by the Emergency Management Committee regarding debrief meetings, the mitigation of an emergency reoccurrence, support services activities and information, changes to the Emergency Plan and subsequent training and information regarding the changes.

In the event of an emergency, which poses a threat to the safety of staff, students or building occupants, the designated and trained staff person will launch the Emergency Notification System by sending the appropriate message, as described in the Emergency Notification System user guide accessible to system operators (see Appendix 1).

B-Internal Communications Procedures: Emergency Notification System

Prior to an emergency
A minimum of four Saint Paul University personnel will be trained and on-call to launch an emergency message. Security will have the list of staff at all times in order to ensure emergency notifications are sent quickly (see Appendix 1). Training will be reviewed once a year with the on-call operators and security personnel including scenario-based exercises.
Pre-scripted messages and message formats have been created and are included in the Emergency Notification System user guide. These will be reviewed on a yearly basis by the Emergency Management Committee depending on the risks and needs of the University.

**During an emergency**
In the event that there is an immediate threat to the safety of persons on campus the Emergency Notification System will be used. If the threat is not immediate, Protection Services will contact the Director of Facilities Services or back-up to decide whether to send a message through the Emergency Notification System.

The Emergency Notification System will send email messages, voice messages to phones, text messages to smart phones and alerts to desktop systems and will be our primary communication tool beyond emails, mouth to mouth communication and telephone tree phone calls.

**Following an emergency**
The Emergency Notification System will be used to ensure the community is well informed with any instructions and other important, non-confidential information. The activation and end or closing of an emergency situation will also be communicated via the Emergency Notification System.

**C-External Communications Procedures**

External Communications refers to all communications with individuals outside the University Community including the parents of Saint Paul University students, guests and tenants at the Residence, partners not located within the University premises, the community members in the vicinity of the University buildings and the media in regard to emergency preparation, mitigation and response.

**Prior to an emergency**
Planning must take place prior to an emergency to prepare for the management of information during an emergency. Unless decided otherwise due to the nature of the emergency, the media spokesperson will be the Rector of the University. The information regarding an emergency situation must be provided in a timely manner to the Rector to respond to the media and all information must be accurate and not skewed in any way. In preparation for an emergency, the following communication tools must be established in coordination with the Emergency Management Committee:

1. A set of media contacts through which information to the public can be disseminated.
2. The University’s main messages or key points, such as its commitment to the safety and security of its students, staff, clients and building occupants.
3. Pre-scripted press release templates and signage to aid in the creation of efficient and professional press releases that reflect the mandate and key points of the University.
4. The procedures for setting up a public enquiry phone line.
5. Pre-scripted templates for messages for the enquiry phone line.
6. A tip-sheet for responding to media enquiries.

**During an emergency**
The Communication-Web-Marketing Sector team will be responsible for releasing a constant flow of up-to-date, accurate information to the public through the University website, media and social media, press releases and a public enquiry line.
The Communication-Web-Marketing Sector team will also set-up regular communications with the members of the Board of Governors.

The Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector or designate and the Emergency Senior Management Team or a member of the University Executive Committee must approve the release of information. For media interviews, the main spokesperson will be the Rector of the University unless the Rector is unavailable, in which case another spokesperson will be chosen by the Emergency Senior Management Team or a member of the University Executive in coordination with Communication-Web-Marketing Sector.

The Director of Facilities Services or designate is responsible to assist Communication-Web-Marketing Sector by providing timely, accurate information regarding the emergency. During an emergency, the University spokesperson should communicate only the facts in a transparent and timely manner. The three key messages that should be included in the University’s emergency communication are the following:

1. Key information or directions for University students and their family or loved ones, clients, visitors and staff.
2. The University’s commitment to the safety and security of the entire University Community.
3. The University’s empathy towards anyone impacted by the emergency and their families and friends.

Following an emergency, the first key message would not be applicable.

Following the Emergency Plan Deactivation
The Communication-Web-Marketing Sector should promote and highlight admirable and successful actions and results and answer to any criticism of the decisions made during the emergency. In this regard, Communication-Web-Marketing Sector, in coordination with the Emergency Senior Management Team, should continue to focus on the University’s commitment to safety and security and its empathy towards anyone impacted by the emergency, their friends and family, while also promoting the following:

1. Admirable and successful actions taken to recover from the emergency and support those directly or indirectly impacted by the emergency.
2. Any policy changes planned to incorporate the lessons learned during the emergency.

This information should retain the focus on the University’s key messages. All communications must abide by the University’s communication standards and must be approved by the Coordinator of Communication-Web-Marketing Sector and the Rector. The spokesperson in place during the emergency should be used in any media interviews following an emergency if possible, should they not have been portrayed in a negative light by the media during the emergency.
17-SUPPORT SERVICES PLAN

Support Services Team
The support services team will be led by the Director of Human Resources and include, but is not limited to, the Director of the Counselling Centre, the President of the Student Association, the General Manager of the Residence or designate and the Director of Computer Services or designate.

The support services team will meet a minimum of once a year to discuss and plan their response to an emergency and set-up any mutual aid agreements potentially needed to support the University Community.

Procedure for plan activation
Following the immediate emergency response, the Director of Human Resources can recommend considering the following guiding questions:

1. What was the impact of the emergency?
2. What are the potential individual emotional / traumatic impacts and / or impacts on the University’s work and learning environment? Are there any drastic changes to the University Community and / or its daily policies and procedures due to the emergency?
3. What are the potential outcomes of the impacts and changes?
4. Could these impacts and potential outcomes be influenced through events, celebrations, actions / responses from Saint Paul University to provide support and / or restore a positive environment?
5. Do we need to bring in external counselling services due to the number of University Community members impacted or will the current accommodation for counselling suffice?

When the Emergency Plan is launched, the support services team will be responsible to meet on a weekly basis to plan and execute community events, workshops and dialogue sessions and to research and distribute information regarding individual support services in response to an emergency. Actions and events should be appropriate for the context of the emergency recover and may include, but are not limited, to the following:

1. Designing, establishing, booking and promoting group-healing workshops and / dialogues in coordination with Conference Services, Communication-Web-Marketing Sector, and the Saint Paul Residence.
2. Promoting individual emotional support services, including but not limited to Counselling Services.
3. Holding a University Community gathering, such as a barbecue, prayers and morning coffees.
4. Identify University partners and government services that can assist or offer services that would aid in the recovery efforts following an emergency, such as CICR and Red Cross.
5. Gathering information on services offered throughout Ottawa and Gatineau that can assist in the recovery of individuals impacted by the emergency.
6. Identify any potential conflicts within the recovery and change processes following an emergency and opportunities to mitigate and / or resolve the conflicts through mediation and / or workshop.
7. Set up and train University Community members in conflict resolution / mediation. All events, services and information should be promoted through Communication-Web-Marketing Sector. Actions taken, results that can be measured in the short-term, such as participation numbers and feedback as to the usefulness of the events and services provided by the support services plan and any recommendations in regard to the support services plan should be documented.
and reported to the Emergency Management Committee within one week of the deactivation of the support services plan.
APPENDIXES

Appendix 1: Emergency Notification System Operators
Last update: November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calling Order</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Number at work</th>
<th>Email</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Michel Drapeau</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2538</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mdrapeau@ustpaul.ca">mdrapeau@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Scott Fowler</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2338</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sfowler@ustpaul.ca">sfowler@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sylvain Tremblay</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2688</td>
<td><a href="mailto:syltremblay@ustpaul.ca">syltremblay@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Pauline Bélanger</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2014</td>
<td><a href="mailto:pbelanger@ustpaul.ca">pbelanger@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Luc Roy</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2381</td>
<td><a href="mailto:lroy@ustpaul.ca">lroy@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix 2: Contacts for the Emergency Priority Calling List
Last update: November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calling Order</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Number at work</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Michel Drapeau</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Denyse Jomphe</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pauline Bélanger</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Appendix 3: First Aid Response Team Members

Last update: November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>613-236-1393 ext.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Protection Services</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Protection@ustpaul.ca">Protection@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>5555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michel Drapeau</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mdrapeau@ustpaul.ca">mdrapeau@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>2538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marc-André Terriault</td>
<td><a href="mailto:materriault@ustpaul.ca">materriault@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>3016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yvon Bougie</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ybougie@ustpaul.ca">ybougie@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jean-Claude Cléroux</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jccleroux@ustpaul.ca">jccleroux@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johan Daniel</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jjean@ustpaul.ca">jjean@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>2234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chantal Groulx</td>
<td><a href="mailto:cgroulx@ustpaul.ca">cgroulx@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>2525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nadine Tremblay</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ntremblay@ustpaul.ca">ntremblay@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>2240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nadine Tremblay</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ntremblay@ustpaul.ca">ntremblay@ustpaul.ca</a></td>
<td>2240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name</td>
<td>First Name</td>
<td>Phone at work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cléroux</td>
<td>Jean-Claude</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bougie</td>
<td>Yvon</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guigues Building Chief</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daniel</td>
<td>Johan</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2234 G-020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bélair</td>
<td>Sandra</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2212 G-020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wells</td>
<td>Mark</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2298 G-029A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bélanger</td>
<td>Pauline</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2014 G-1108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rez-de-chaussée / Ground Floor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roy</td>
<td>Luc</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2381 G-173</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groulx</td>
<td>Chantal</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2525 G-161B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michel</td>
<td>Sophie</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2344 G-161A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1er Étage / 1st Floor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dupuis</td>
<td>Gabrielle</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2658 G-268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mazurek</td>
<td>Pawel</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2355 G-250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2e étage / 2nd Floor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laverdière</td>
<td>Andréanne</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2250 G-350A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bradley</td>
<td>Laura</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2526 G-348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3e étage / 3rd Floor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bibliothèque / Library</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hurtubise</td>
<td>Daniel</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2013 G-1201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leblanc</td>
<td>Jérémie</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2220 G-1202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colwell</td>
<td>Allyson</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2219 G-1201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paquette</td>
<td>Josée</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2446 G-1201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name</td>
<td>First Name</td>
<td>Phone at Work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delorme</td>
<td>Serge</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trudelle</td>
<td>Alice</td>
<td>613-782-3006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bisson</td>
<td>Ronald</td>
<td>613-244-7837 x114 L-167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mongrain</td>
<td>Alexandra</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2311 L-153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merry</td>
<td>Miranda</td>
<td>613-235-5800 x6451 L-262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Markus</td>
<td>Daniel</td>
<td>613-235-5800 x6454 L-264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gravel</td>
<td>Julien</td>
<td>613-244-1889 x233 L-399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phonekèo</td>
<td>Sérivanh</td>
<td>613-244-1889 x235 L-394</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Appendix 5: Emergency Management Committee Members
Last update: November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Telephone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jean-Marc Barrette</td>
<td>613-782-3037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normand Beaulieu</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michel Drapeau</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hélène Doré-Lavigne</td>
<td>613-236-1393 x2007</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Appendix 6: Emergency Contacts

Last update: November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Extension / Cell</th>
<th>Role</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Ottawa - Protection Services</td>
<td>613-562-5411</td>
<td>Cancel shuttle service, notify U of O students, etc. Annuler le service de navettes, aviser les étudiants de l’UO, etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix 7: First Aid Kit Locations
Last update: November 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Kit</th>
<th>Secondary Kits</th>
<th>Tertiary Kits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multiservices Centre G-020</td>
<td>Security office G-149, L-174</td>
<td>Café Urban G-034</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiservices Center G-020</td>
<td>Library Kitchen G-1202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food and Conference Services L-153</td>
<td>Novalis Kitchen L-166</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Kitchen L-275</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workshop Kitchen L-8012</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Primary Kit**
This kit contains all necessities for an emergency. This kit is generally only to be used in case of major emergency. The primary kit contains everything the Secondary kit contains, in larger quantities, plus heat packs, and a 1-way mouth-to-mouth valve, blankets, and multiple fire blankets.

**Secondary Kit**
Secondary kits contain all necessities, but not in as large of quantities as a primary kit. These are to be used when a tertiary kit is not enough. This kit contains everything the tertiary kit contains, plus splint materials, cold (ice) packs, and fire blankets.

**Tertiary Kit**
The tertiary kit contains the bare minimum: Adhesive Strips (Bandages), Gauze Bandages (small ones), antiseptic swabs, tape, scissors, tweezers (or splinter removers), gloves, and a first aid booklets.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Defibrillator (AED)</th>
<th>Burn Kit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Guigues Reception: G-149</td>
<td>Security office: G-149, L-147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guigues Library Entrance: Reception Desk</td>
<td>Café Urban: G-034</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guigues Ground Floor hallway, in front of Student Association</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laframboise, by elevator: In front of L-153</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>